Bali OF7
Ambon OH4
New Guinea OJ1

OB1 Indonesia OB1
Javanese OE5
Sundanese OF7
Makassar OG6
Borneo OC1
Sumatra OD1

I 142 [x cont.]

certain indication of mixture with foreign blood. The men are beardless and do not have hair on the chest and limbs. The little hairs that cover various places on the body are pulled out with great care, as are the eyelashes and eyebrows. There is not much difference in height, which is always below the average stature of the European. With regard to the shape of face, the Malays are prognathous, although this prognathism is slight. The sloping face is more pronounced in some tribes than in others. Only the zygomatic arches generally protrude somewhat. The shape of the skull shows great divergence among the various tribes. The Javanese and Sundanese are [xi] brachycephalic, as are the Buginese and Makassarese. On the other hand, the Dajak [Dyak], most of the Sumatran tribes, the Balinese, and the Ambonese generally are mesocephalic.

A Sd St Bl Br M J 141

I 152 181

We have already learned that in disposition the Malays are reticent and do not show their emotions. One can rarely detect what is going on in the Malay's mind. The feeling of surprise, astonishment, or fear is usually scarcely discernible.

I NG 174 197

We see that the difference between the Papuans and the Malays is considerable. For a long time they were considered two entirely different races, and several ethnographers still hold this opinion. The most recent investigations, however, have proved that they formerly must have been one people. This conclusion is based on the similarity in language. The languages, even those of the pure, typical Papuans, show many family traits of the languages spoken by the Malayan race. Not only are numerous words, apart from sound changes, often the same, but both groups also have many similarities in grammar. It goes without saying, however, that because of the great differences between the two racial groups it has to be assumed that they have been separated from each other for a